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# The Hermit of Siskiyou.

—OR—

## Twice-Old Man.

A STORY OF THE "LOST CABIN" FOUND, THE  
FOUNTAIN OF PERPETUAL YOUTH  
REVIVED ETC.

By L. W. MUSICK.

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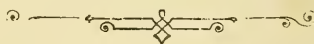
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—BY—

L. W. MUSICK,



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## PREFACE.

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THE HERMIT OF SISKIYOU is designed (aside from the presentation of a readable story) to aid in the perpetuation of some of the quaint legends that have become in a degree historical of the region represented; and though the narrative is intended to be self-supporting, it is deemed but fairly consistent to offer therewith a more detailed statement of the accumulated evidences of its groundwork.

There is a distinctive grandeur and diversity of scenery within the Siskiyou range of mountains that affords to the bordering counties—Del Norte, Humboldt and Siskiyou, of northern California, and Josephine and Jackson, of southern Oregon—a background of wild and romantic splendor.

Snow crested and sun-girt, majestically stands the gray old dome, the sentinel of

neighboring commonwealths and arbiter of their respective jurisdictions. Bluffly she casts her morning profile upon the western sea, and with greeting to the rising sun, her massive form substitutes the brief interval between the Sierra and Cascade ranges, as if to share with them the gravid burden of the great lakes thus pent of their anxious flow toward the Pacific and, as well, to assist in staying the border of the immense plateau that bears upon the easterly slope of this grand convention of mountain ranges.

Not alone upon her cragged exterior is the marvelous wealth of her wonders recognized and appreciated. Her immense caverns, of recent discovery, already rival in extent and magnificence the great Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, and will doubtless afford the scene of the world's greatest future subterranean exploration and development.

In some instances, where otherwise the subject matter might seem occult to any but the local reader, reference is made to an appendix, designed to supply such information. The first of these embraces a substantial claim for some place on Mount Siskiyou, or within its immediate surroundings, as the probable location of the world-famed "Lost Cabin." \*

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\* See Note Two, Appendix.



If in any degree the "Hermit's Story" subserves the purpose of directing attention to the many deserving features of the district mainly presented, the patriotic endeavor of the writer will have been fully recompensed and his most extravagant hope realized.

Trustful of a generous forbearance, is respectfully subscribed

THE AUTHOR.





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### INTRODUCTION.

#### I.

THE setting sun was glint the breast  
Of Mount Siskiyou, from whose crest  
Was rifted on the scene below  
Reflections of its virgin snow,  
As cadence from Orphean harp,  
Reverted from some cranny, sharp,  
That floats in twilight's gentle glow  
With measured accent, faint and slow.

## 6

And on the tops of giant trees,  
Stirred lightly by the straying breeze,  
A radiance as of burnished gold  
Was clinging to each branch and fold;  
While in the vale and canyon, deep,  
The shades of night began to creep.

### II.

Reposing in a pleasant glade,  
Beneath the hemlock's ample shade,  
A campfire's cheerful, ruddy ray  
Consumed the waning light of day.  
As if, in miniature, to gain  
The conquest of Old Sol's domain.

### III.

Prospectors were they who thus had made  
The fire to burn within the glade;  
And 'round its cheer-inspiring blaze,  
With story of long by-gone days,  
Discoursed they of each hopeful theme  
Whereof, perchance, might lend a gleam  
Of light upon a thing obscure;  
Or, of some charm, the gods allure  
And, peradventure, gain their heed  
And counsel—then of great need.

### IV.

Some busy were with all the ends  
Of camp equipment, such as tends  
To corporeal needs, when are required  
As Pan or Morpheus have inspired.



## 7.

### V.

Yet one, of no such menial zest,  
Seemed quite content himself to rest;  
Save that his chin, with endless wag,  
Was prone to chat, and even brag  
Of what he knew of things, galore,  
And what he'd heard long years before  
Of treasure found and lost again—  
And he, perhaps, the only man  
Within the world's profound embrace  
Who could divine its hiding place.

### VI.

"Now, men," said he, "just hearken to  
My candid words and counsel true:  
Perhaps you're acquainted with  
The story—some call it a myth—  
Of how, in primal "days of gold,"  
Was found a mine of wealth untold—  
Upon the earth all scattered 'round—  
And that the party who thus found  
Did take thereof their hearts' content  
And from the place forever went;  
Nor has it been the lot of man  
To gaze upon that spot again.

### VII.

Yet while sojourning at the mine,  
A hut they built, from logs of pine,  
That in its fastness and alone  
As the Lost Cabin still is known.

### VIII.

Some think it quite remote from here,

Yet, (though to you it may seem queer,)  
 I'll tell you of a legend true  
 That claims it for Old Siskiyou;  
 As will, I trust, in time be found  
 Within the region here around.  
 And I would further say—but, hark!  
 A footstep! and the watchdog's bark!

## IX.

Through mingled light of fire and sun  
 Was profiled on the horizon  
 A form so grand and marked of age  
 As reverence to at once engage  
 With great surprise and wonderment  
 Of whence he came—of what intent.

## X.

Within decorous distance, he  
 Obeisance made, with courtesy;  
 And baring, then, his hoary head,  
 In voice sepulchral thus he said:

## XI.

“Friends: If thus to you I may indite  
 My counsel, be ware of your plight!  
 Seek ye not in my domain  
 Aught of repose until you gain  
 Of one who, of a prior claim,  
 Hath preference and right to name  
 The conditions upon which you  
 May prospect on Old Siskiyou.

## XII.

It is a fact I well divine

That you are seeking here a mine  
Of wondrous wealth and ancient fame;  
And of that goal seek I, the same.

## XIII.

First, hear my story, then decide  
'Twixt life and death; for woe-betide  
Is he who seeks, without consent,  
Upon these grounds to pitch his tent.

## XIV.

Perhaps you've heard of Old French Hill—\*  
Of those in past, and even still,  
Who're numbered with the dead or lost—  
A region not remote, but crossed  
By magic line, whereof is bound  
The confines of enchanted ground.  
Know ye! that of the past decade,  
That from that lonely hill have strayed  
Of hardy miners quite a score—  
Nor will return for evermore.

## XV.

I come not, though, with threat'ning rage;  
But of true kindness, to presage  
The evils that must fall in train,  
And efforts that must prove quite vain,  
Unless with purpose in accord  
With charms within my knowledge stored,

---

\* See Note Two, Appendix.

## 10

The Fates have willed it thus to be;  
If not observed, doomed, then are ye.

### XVI.

That you, each one, I may impress—  
Lest of grave laws you should transgress—  
Take ye from this faltering hand  
This little stone—a talisman.  
It will immunity assure  
And from the Fates at once secure  
The rights that they are wont to own  
Inherent in this precious stone.

### XVII.

Receive ye now the charm 'twill lend,  
And from each one pass to your friend.  
Thus will our friendship be made whole  
And thus our efforts for the goal  
Be rendered of account the best;  
As will my story soon attest—  
Related now, as best I can,  
The memories of a twice-old man.





## INTERLUDE.



THE red light of the pitch-pine fire  
Made ample cheer for all,  
And around its radiant spire  
A distant sable wall;  
Beneath whose seeming canopy  
Was spread upon the ground  
A rude repast, of plenary,  
And all were gathered 'round.

WITHIN the circle, by request,  
And at the festal board,  
The venerable and aged guest—  
Of friendship thus assured—  
Began the story of his lives  
With all the amplitude  
Of one who in earnest strives  
To be well understood.



# THE HERMIT'S STORY.



## I.

**T**HE wondrous things I have in store  
 Date from a time long years before  
 † All men, save I, now on the earth  
 Had knowledge of, or even birth.  
 Of fact, my youth and native place  
 Of consequence have no embrace;  
 Nor has my humble cognomen  
 Of great import that you should ken;  
 Save, that "Old Hermit," now applied,  
 May, of good fortune, soon deride  
 The one who thus denominates.  
 It is a caprice of the Fates  
 To change within the briefest time  
 The aged to their youth and prime.

## II.

Then, if to me you deign to call,  
 I answer to the name of Paul;

But those who would of favor gain  
Address me as "Sir Paul De Payne."

## III,

Of date my mem'ry serves me poor;  
Though, of event, I am quite sure  
'Twas while there raged most fearful strife  
With brand and blade and scalping knife—  
Yet known as King George's War—  
From which I trace the fitful star  
Thus far my wand'ring steps to guide—  
With changing scene at every stride—  
Till now I dwell within a cave,  
Which threatens to become my grave;  
There, sheltered from the winds and rain,  
To bleach the bones of Paul De Payne.  
Yet of the future's woe or weal,  
Nor of the present, shall I deal;  
Until my life from early date  
I trace unto its present state.

## IV.

Suffice it that my story tells  
In briefest way, nor even dwells  
Upon that one great theme of life—  
The gaining of a faithful wife—  
That briefly of it now I'll say:  
She whom I loved was Lena Ray.

## V.

Let bard and poet rhyme and sing

The rapturous theme, its charm, its sting,  
And romance make of wondrous fame—  
Whereof, included, ours the same.

## VI.

I wooed to win, and winning, wed;  
And by the stars now overhead  
That radiate perpetually,  
So judge ye of our constancy.

## VII.

But sadly must I now relate  
Of joys so brief and sorrows great;  
For scarce one month had we been wed  
When terror o'er the land was spread:  
From Great Britain and old France—  
From o'er the seas—did strife advance,  
That grounded on colonial shore  
With clash of arms and cannon's roar.

## VIII.

And savage tribes with glowing brand,  
With tomahawk and knife in hand—  
With javelin and bended bow  
And painted face of warlike show—  
Did ally of the French pretend,  
Though, as of foe, spared not the friend.

## IX.

Of patience, and untiring hand,  
Had I a home in Maryland,



## 15

Of rustic style and sculpture rude;  
Hewn from the native forest wood.

### X.

Of changing rule did I then stand  
An alien, in my native land;  
The subject of a regal crown—  
Nor of its favor had renown.  
And thus did I the more expose  
Myself, than others, friends or foes,  
To savage warfare and the torch,  
Of which my flesh was made to scorch.

### XI.

For soon there came upon the farm,  
Within the night, the fire's alarm;  
And as it cast its warning blaze,  
Astonished, and with frenzied daze,  
Was I taken from my bed,  
And to a woodlaud near by led;  
And pinioned was I to a tree  
From whence I could not fail to see  
The flames around our cottage burn;  
Nor less the fearful sight discern  
Of savages, with fiendish laugh,  
Thrust in the flames my better-half.

### XII.

And kindled at my feet had they  
A fire that blazed with scorching ray;  
Yet with their orgies 'round the fire,  
That seemed to be a funeral pyre,

The wretches were the more intent,  
 And, of the time, from me they went;  
 When on a glowing window shined  
 A form angelic, pantomimed;  
 And ere the flames had lapped between,  
 Of farewell gesture had I seen.

## XIII.

Then praying God to make me strong,  
 I surged against and broke the thong  
 That bound my arms around the tree;  
 Then loosed the others, and was FREE.  
 But, oh, the word—what mockery!  
 How undefined is liberty!

## XIV.

Beyond the hope of human strife  
 Was it to save more than my life;  
 Nor of avail was it to stay,  
 Nor less of dread to run away.  
 Yet fear oft times the heart beguiles  
 With frantiness or groundless wiles:  
 No joy behind nor hope ahead,  
 Into the darkness then I fled.

## XV.

Through copse and glade and glen I went,  
 With scarce a purpose or intent—  
 Throughout the night and then the day—  
 Till reached the Monongahela;  
 Where Indian boat I found there moored,  
 Replete with all equipments stored

For voyage of days, or weeks perhaps,  
 Consisting of provisions, traps,  
 Bows, arrows, gun and deadly spear;  
 Nor owner of did there appear.

## XVI.

Of consequence you well may guess,  
 No scruples had I to possess  
 The ready craft, with its cargo,  
 And down the river swiftly row;  
 When on its winding way I steered—  
 Nor of its course eared I, nor feared;  
 But wildly onward was my theme  
 Heedless of whither went the stream.

## XVII.

Not then, as now, was there extant  
 The knowledge of the late savant  
 Of books and charts that bear attest  
 Of wonders in the great wide-west;  
 Nor of the then existing lore  
 Had I of learning much in store;  
 And of the river's source and trend  
 I knew not whence, nor where 'twould end.  
 Grave night its sable cast had spread  
 Around, about and overhead;  
 And though from danger more secure,  
 Of spectre fœes there were full more.

## XVIII.

The bravest heart oft dreads the night

And from its phantoms takes affright,  
 And of the awe, inspiring show  
 Forgets the threat'ning real foe.

## XIX.

The dense nocturnal atmosphere  
 Made gurgling stream with voice appear,  
 And e'en the firefly's tiny spark  
 A lamp light in the distant dark;  
 And when on light of real blaze  
 My eyes were fixed with wondering gaze,  
 It was with hope to meet with friend;  
 Though fears my longings would attend  
 Lest savage hands had made the fire  
 And savage hearts were lurking there.

## XX.

Day had dawned, and with it came  
 Assurance more and scenes more tame;  
 But of account was it to make  
 Assurance sure, and thus to take  
 Within the day, ensconced, to sleep,  
 And through the night my wand'rings keep;  
 And suiting action to the thought,  
 My boat was then to anchor brought.

## XXI.

Through interstice of drooping bough  
 With stealth I shoved my brave canoe,  
 Where, sheltered near the wooded bank,  
 Into deep slumber soon I sank,

And in my boat, as also, bed,  
 I slept as sleep the long-past dead;  
 And when awaked, it yet was day;  
 Though, of a truth I cannot say—  
 Nor ever will be ascertained—  
 If DAY, or DAYS, had intervened.

## XXII.

The clear blue sky first met my gaze  
 Through emerald sheen of leafy haze,  
 With twig of elm tree interwove;  
 And birds there sang of joy and love.

## XXIII.

All round me seemed a paradise,  
 With naught remiss of good device;  
 And though aroused to consciousness  
 Of what had been my grave distress,  
 And round my heart its horrors erept,  
 I knew not if I swooned or slept.

## XXIV.

Yet half persuaded to be glad  
 Then was I, of a vision had,  
 While as, perhaps, within a trance,  
 That gave to me foretelling glance  
 Of things not of the mind's accord—  
 Nor yet so vague as ought discard.

## XXV.

And stirring, then, my vision seemed

As though I had but only dreamed;  
 Yet, still, within my secret mind,  
 The hope of something, undefined,  
 Gave strength of will and courage, bold,  
 To live the life in dream foretold.

## XXVI.

Then came the time when sedate owl  
 Goes forth from nest, the woods to prowl;  
 And bat let loose from hanging perch  
 Sets forth upon his night's research;  
 And robber, from his secret den,  
 To slay and rob his fellowmen.  
 Though not of purpose as with them,  
 My boat I launched into the stream;  
 And once again within its flow,  
 Sped onward, to the Ohio.

## XXVII.

And now suffice it that, in brief,  
 I trace that stream to its relief  
 Within the Mississippi tide,  
 And of the then eventful ride  
 State, only, that succeeding days  
 Were fraught with all the stern amaze  
 That e'er adventure served to thrill  
 The song of bard or poet's quill.  
 And there where meet, with one assent,  
 The waters of a continent,  
 Rode I, at the dawn of day,  
 Upon its swift and turbid way.

“Father of Waters” was the name  
That Indian tribes gave it, of fame,  
And of the stream—its every branch—  
Of sole dominion claimed the French.

## XXVIII.

Then drifting down with will intent  
To cross the stream ere far I went,  
Of chance I met a small bateau  
With Frenchmen at the helm and row.

## XXIX.

Deliverance was at once assured,  
And boat to boat then fast secured,  
And story briefly told, I fell  
Prostrate, and o’er me came a spell,  
A dream or vision as before;  
And seemed there from the splashing oar  
To come a gentle, mellow voice  
That bade my weary soul rejoice.

## XXX.

The past and future, to my mind,  
Were, with the present, then combined:  
I saw cliff-dwellers on the shore,  
And mound-builders, as of yore;  
And, on the dark and turbid flow,  
Forms bent o’er the dead De Soto;  
And then, beneath the darkling wave,  
Beheld De Soto’s humid grave;  
When, of a sudden changing sheen,  
I met the maid Evangeline

Who once sought there, with hopeful spell,  
Again to find her Gabriel.

## XXXI.

And then, anon, I met a boat  
That seemed a paradise, afloat,  
With cloud-like vapor streaming back  
And people crowded on her deck,

## XXXII.

Great cities thronged on either shore—  
And then there came a fearful war,  
And iron boats were made to float;  
And many things of wondrous note  
Before me came while in my trance;  
But great of all, I ween, per chance,  
At least, within my own attest,  
The voice that counseled me: "Go west."

## XXXIII.

And when awakened from my dream  
We many miles were up the stream,  
And, halting by the wooded shore,  
Our goods proceeded to unstore.

## XXXIV.

And on the bank a village stood,  
Where cast the shade of cottonwood  
With sycamore and poplar tree,  
And feathered choir of orchestra  
Discoursed from lofty, sheltered bower



With melody to charm the hour,

## XXXV.

With cottages, a few, and rude,  
 And wigwams in disorder strewed,  
 The scene appeared distracted of  
 A primal trysting-place of love;  
 Though warm of heart were those who gave  
 To me of cheer and kindly lave;  
 And Indian rivaled with the white  
 Of merest whim to expedite,  
 Until decided was I to  
 Remain with them in friendship true.

## XXXVI.

And parties forth were sent, afar,  
 To aid their allies in the war;  
 And deeds of horror to relate  
 Were reckoned of the war's estate—  
 When from the distant Orient  
 Came story of grave discontent  
 That in a region far and strange—  
 And past the Alleghany range—  
 Had brave Choctaws gone forth to fight  
 And stormed a farm-house in the night,  
 And, "deed of valor" to proclaim,  
 A helpless woman cast in flame;  
 Though of a man, whom they had bound,  
 Escape had made, nor yet was found.

## XXXVII.

Then came the soldiers of King George

And, of their vengefulness to gorge,  
 Pursued the braves, then in their flight,  
 Surprising them within the night  
 When they had halted near the shore  
 Where left their boat some days before--  
 Though when returned no boat appeared,  
 Which of escape then interfered.

## XXXVIII.

Then swooped the soldiers of the Crown  
 And, without mercy, cut them down,  
 Save one who plunged into the tide  
 And crossed it to the other side,  
 And homeward with the news to tell  
 And dire revenge to stir, as well,  
 Sped onward as the fleeting roe  
 And fiercely as the buffalo.

## XXXIX.

Then hurrying scenes of men and boats,  
 And piercing cries of warlike notes  
 Were on the earth and in the air  
 And life pervading everywhere;  
 And then the capering warrior dance  
 Of those equipped for its advance—  
 All painted and of frightful show  
 As if to scare away the foe.

## XL.

And Frenchmen wondered with alarm  
 At signs portentous of great harm:

No longer in the war conclave  
 Were they permitted with the "brave;"  
 When day by day the cleft between  
 Was wider made and plainer seen.

## XLI.

And then with language stern and brief—  
 As emissary of the Chief—  
 Appeared a stoic savage face  
 At front of my abiding place,  
 Demanding of the French inmates  
 The stranger then within their gates.

## XLII.

"For well we know," said he, "of fact,  
 'Twas of this man's unfriendly act  
 That our brave comrades, ten in all,  
 Of heartless foe were made to fall—  
 Bare one escaping, and he, who  
 Now recognizes their canoe  
 As of identity the same  
 With that in which the "pale-face" came—  
 The selfsame man who, once their prize,  
 Made safe escape before their eyes.

## XLIII

Now mark ye of this grave demand,  
 Nor dare attempt to stay the hand  
 That springs the bow its shaft to speed  
 And cause the faithless heart to bleed.

## XLIV.

Remember too, that of our tribe  
 The forest leaves are made describe  
 Our numbers, and of our prowess  
 The tribes around are made confess;  
 But of the French, though valiant too,  
 Of warriors have they but a few.

## XLV.

Then hasten ye to give consent,  
 Or else to scorn our discontent,  
 That, of decision, we may know  
 If to regard you friend or foe."

## XLVI.

Then spoke the chieftain of his clan:  
 And, cunningly, the shrewd Frenchman  
 Made bold to say in firm accent:  
 "Of your demand am I content  
 To give this man unto his fate  
 And of his crime to expiate—  
 Who of my kindred claimed to be,  
 Yet proves our common enemy.  
 Though of this life by you required  
 Allow me, of the end desired,  
 To arrange in full detail  
 A novel plan that cannot fail.

## XLVII.

For yet three days of vengeance stayed  
 Trust to my care, nor be afraid

## 27

Lest he escape, which to secure,  
I pledge my life that he appear  
At place affixed and at the time  
To expiate his awful crime.

### XLVIII.

Within the time will I prepare  
An ensign, and with colors rare,  
A faithful likeness make thereon  
To represent his heart of stone;  
And to his bear back will I bind  
The effigy, with will designed  
To mark the place whereat converge  
The life streams in their constant surge.

### XLIX.

And ten best archers in the land  
We'll station at a proper stand—  
One to avenge each warrior slain—  
To pierce the heart of Paul DePayne;  
Who face toward the setting sun  
Ten paces off, prepared to run,  
Shall there await word of command  
To save his life, if so he can.

### L.

And archer with his bow and dart  
Shall aim directly at the heart,  
And each that strikes the bounds within  
Shall beads and blanket from me win.

## LI.

“Good. ” saith the emissary brave:  
 ‘If through such ordeal he can save  
 His guilty life, we’ll say ’tis charmed;  
 For since he ran away unharmed  
 From fire prepared for him a roast,  
 Some even now think him a ghost.  
 Though, hit or miss, I’m pledged with you  
 This novel plan to carry through  
 Remember, too, my words are deeds—  
 Also the BLANKETS and the BEADS.”

## LII.

When gone was he, the sly Frenchman  
 Revealed to me his cunning plan—  
 And this the plan to me revealed:  
 That ensign be, as well, a shield;  
 And that when fastened to my back  
 Of strength and firmness would not lack  
 To break the pointed arrowhead  
 And stay the missile at me sped.

## LIII.

And of those archers did he know  
 Their great expertness with the bow,  
 And that the heart they’d pierce full well  
 As was the apple pierced by Tell.

## LIV.

The time arrived, and—“one, two, three!”  
 Off went DePayne, straight as a bee.

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### LV.

“Snap” went ten bows with one accord,  
And in the heart ten arrows stored;  
But naught of Difference to DePayne  
Save impetus, his speed to gain.

### LVl.

Then safe within designed retreat  
Where, of appointment, was to meet  
With aid and comfort from my friends—  
Gun, ammunition, odds and ends—  
I waited patiently till came  
The messenger, and of the same  
I learned that quiet was restored  
And greatest friendship then assured:  
Ten blankets and the beads, foretold,  
Had settled for ten warriors bold.

### LVII.

Before me lay the wilderness,  
And of its wonders to possess  
Was I an exile from the land  
Whereof against me every hand.  
As was, of old, with Adam’s Cain  
So was it then with Paul DePayne.

### LVIII.

With friends reduced to, singly, one,  
And that my ever trusted gun,  
On it relied I for supplies  
Of commissary, and likewise,  
For all protection on my way

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From Indians and from beasts of prey.

### LIX.

No purpose had I, well defined,  
Save former scenes to leave behind;  
And cautiously, foes to avoid,  
I westward then my course deployed.

### LX.

One scene described, describes a score:  
It was adventure o'er and o'er  
With savage beasts and savage men,  
As past the wigwam or the den  
My course oft times was wont to stray—  
Sometimes at night, sometimes by day.

### LXI.

But I am dwelling far too long  
'Pon incidents that ever throng  
The mem'ries of that fearful time  
And with my story bearing chime;  
Though pardon me of one that bears  
Upon the subject of our cares:  
'Twas near a stream now known as Platte—  
And ne'er was wilder scene than that.

### LXII.

First came a deep and sullen roar,  
As breakers on a distant shore;  
And then, anon, as rushing storm  
And thunderbolt, of fierce alarm,  
There crashing came from o'er the plain



A rumbling, of still wilder strain.

LXIII.

And, casting far toward the north,  
A dark cloud moved upon the earth,  
And, with my camp direct in course,  
Came with the speed of running horse.

LXIV.

Then closer drawn, and seen quite plain,  
Were heads and horns, of furious mien;  
And straight they came as arrow shoots,  
A living sea of maddened brutes,  
From whose escape did hope then seem  
The phantom of a nightmare dream.

LXV.

But soon the first, with snort and bound,  
Shied at my camp, to go around;  
And, as the leader, so the herd:  
Each that followed shied and veered  
And left me fast within the flow  
Of frantic, bellowing buffalo,  
As island in a swollen stream  
That threatens o'er its banks to teem.

LXVI.

A moment then an age appeared,  
As onward moved the countless herd.  
And when the train, at length, had passed,  
With wonderment, I stood aghast  
To see near by upon the plain

An Indian, and the brute he'd slain;  
 And yet another disengage  
 From out the herd, with frighiful rage,  
 As, wounded with the spear or bow,  
 He sought the vanquishment of foe.

## LXVII.

The Indian, though a stalwart "brave,"  
 To valor then discretion gave:  
 To run he thought the wiser plan,  
 And, face-about, the race began.  
 At running he was far from slow.  
 Though fleeter, still, the buffalo.

## LXVIII.

'Twixt heels and horns the space declined  
 Till scarce a perch the horns behind.  
 Then leveled I my gun, with aim,  
 And, firing quick, brought down the game.

## LXIX.

The red-man with amazement turned,  
 Whereof by him was I discerned—  
 Who then approached me and expressed  
 With signs and notions, suited best,  
 His gratitude for what I'd done:  
 Then pointed he toward the sun  
 And, of the gestures that he wrought,  
 Betokened of his favor bought.  
 As by that orb, its warmth, its light,  
 Proclaimed he of his heart aright

And, of true kindness more to own,  
 Made present of this little stone,  
 Whereof is sealed our friendship now—  
 Nor e'er was stronger plighted vow,

## LXX.

And then, of gesture aptly made,  
 To follow him he kindly bade,  
 When o'er the plain, together, we  
 Strode onward to his rancheria,  
 Where found I, to my great relief,  
 My friend none other than the Chief,  
 Who of his subjects bade them go  
 And bring in camp the buffalo;  
 When, of the slain and roasted beast,  
 Was changed a funeral to a feast,  
 At which attended, with good cheer,  
 The tribe around, from far and near;  
 And of each honored royal guest  
 Had I of favor more attest.  
 Whereof, to me, it was quite plain  
 The Chieftain wished me to remain  
 With him. And, weary of my tramp,  
 Decided I there to encamp,  
 And duty, first, myself prescribe  
 To learn the language of the tribe.

## LXXI.

Of this decision I essayed  
 With sign and grimace and cherade

To then make known unto my friend,  
 Who seemed at once to understand,  
 And, understanding, gave consent—  
 Inviting me into his tent.

## LXXII.

He then, of gesture as foretold,  
 Me introduced to his household,  
 And thus of duties did assign:  
 His daughter, teacher—pupil, mine.

## LXXIII.

Here, friends, forgive me of the pause,  
 For language fails me when of squaws  
 I would for charms invoke the muse:  
 Permit me time my words to choose.


## LXXIV.

The hour is late, the fire burns low:  
 Now to my cavern shall I go,  
 And on the morrow, with God's will,  
 Return, my promise to fulfill.



## INTERLUDE.



 F those encamped upon the hill,  
 Were Pete and Mike and Jack and Bill—  
     All Crescent City men—  
 Besides a fifth one, called "The Squire,"\*  
 Who busied was to stir the fire,  
     And, of the meanwhile, then,  
 The others of opinion dared,  
 While yet the Squire was unprepared.

'Twas not his tactics ever, though,  
     To give opinion first;  
 But when of others all to know  
     His then he gave—reversed.

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\* See Note Three, Appendix.

Said Pete, "I think we're being bored;  
Nor of the time can we afford

To list the more from Paul DePayne."

"That's my opinion too," said Bill;

"I think he's giving us a fill

Of words entirely vain

Of our purpose now to find

The old cabin where they mined

In early day,

Now lost, they say."

And Mike, with acquiescence, said:

"The old man has wheels in his head."

And Jack did of opinion join,

But said he had more time than coin

And, if the man cared to proceed,

It was HIS will to give him heed.

Again the fire gave forth its glow,

That on the curtained branches low,

Of tamarack and fir and spruce,

Was, of effulgence, made produce

The scenes with which, of fantasy,

The mind regales its imagery.

And then the Squire, with loaded pipe,  
 And self-prepared whereof to "swipe".\*  
 The laurels that of fortune crown  
 The story-teller of renown,

He thus began:

"Why! men," said he, "'tis my surprise  
 To hear you fellows speak thuswise  
 About the man.

I've heard of Paul DePayne before,  
 And of his story am quite sure  
 That 'twill of purpose yet attain  
 To give us knowledge not in vain.

You may have heard the story, too,  
 Of how, upon Mount Siskiyou,  
 Was seen an ape, or spook, or tramp,  
 In region near to Happy Camp—\*

Some years gone by—

That was of stature taller than  
 The ordinary height of man—  
 Who fed on berries, roots and brouse,  
 Nor, of abode, had tent or house,

And from whose eye  
 There gleamed the fierceness of the beast

\* Appropriated from local slang.

† See Note Four, Appendix.

That, thwarted of voracious feast,  
 With sullenness, feigns to retire  
 Far in the jungle, to his lair;  
 Though loiters near his wanted prey  
 Till enemy hath gone away.

The same it is who now appears,  
 Divested of all former fears,  
 And selfishness, as well, subdued,  
 Lest others of his rights intrude—  
 The same it is, now Paul DePayne,  
 Renascent of himself again.

Then patiently let's bide with him,  
 And, though his story vague and dim  
 May seem to be of our design,  
 Let's to the sequel yet incline.

Though of the fate I most bewail,  
 The hermit's seeming endless tale  
 Gives me no chance to say a word—  
 Which, by the way, I think absurd.  
 Though of that comfort I'll forego,  
 To give the hermit ample show."

"Hurrah!" said Bill—"That's dealing fair."



And Pete thus said unto the Squire:  
“That’s better than we did expect,  
And of its kindness will reflect  
The honor of your name abroad”—  
And then the party all hurrahed.



## STORY RESUMED.



## I.

**R**ETURNED am I, though poor, indeed,  
 Will be the story of your heed  
 Wherein of romance shall I make  
 The detail of a grave mistake:  
 For lesson first, that I then learned,  
 Was of a fact, quite well discerned,  
 That my fair tutress then installed—  
 Lolacondi, her name was called—  
 Had of design—to state in brief—  
 More than appointed of the Chief:  
 Seated on one hide, to suit,  
 She studied French and I, Piute;  
 And, aptly studious, 'twas not long,  
 Ere I was master of the tongue.

## 41

### II.

Companionship, sometimes, enforced  
By reason of all else divorced,  
Remains intact when are reversed  
The causes that inspired it first;  
And, of the fancy thus betrayed,  
Begets affection, true and staid.

### III.

God said to Adam: "'Tis not well  
To be alone." Then who dare tell  
The soul that pineth for a mate  
Its native longings to abate?

### IV.

As of a stricken, helpless dove,  
Perceived I of the artless love  
That fettered Lolacondi's heart,  
With wound from Cupid's aimless dart.  
And may have she, as well, observed  
The secret of my thoughts, reserved.

### V.

Her form, at first, of comeliness,  
Of faultless charm did soon possess.  
Complexion, too, did I forget—  
From duskiness changed to brunette.

### VI.

Her smile became as rippling stream

With shade thereon and dappled gleam  
Of sunshine peeping through the bower,  
And in her trilling voice the power  
That Cupid knows just how to wield  
To pierce the heart, with arrow steeled.

## VII.

With sparkling eyes and teeth of pearl,  
And flowing hair, the Indian girl  
Seemed then of rightfulness to claim  
Of royal birth its proudest fame.

## VIII.

And vaguely did I have in mind  
The presence of two loves combined:  
The first none other could displace—  
The second, though, of hopeful grace.  
One, of the brutal savage slain—  
The other, of that blood whose stain  
Had marked the fearful, heartless deed;  
Nor of such rival could I heed.

## IX.

Yet did I learn, to my regret—  
Nor of consent from me to get—  
That soon should be our wedding day,  
When Chief, resigned, would give me sway.

## X.

And of the stone the old Chief gave,  
Was I informed its power to save

From dangers of the warrior foe—  
 (Though doubtfully of buffalo).  
 That of its charms were treasures found,  
 And friendships made of endless bound:  
 And of its favor more to lend,  
 The Chief did then on me depend.

## XI.

And of its hist'ry, far remote,  
 'Twas found where western billows float;  
 Where even yet, 'tis said, are found  
 Upon the beach, and scattered round,  
 Some pebbles of the rarest sort;  
 The place is now known as Del Norte.\*

## XII.

Though, of this one, 'twill change its hue  
 From azure to the darkest blue,  
 And, of its changes, doth portend  
 Of fortune, to myself or friend.

## XIII.

I've watched its change for many years,  
 Within my cave, with hopes and fears  
 Alternate with each change of hue;  
 But now 'tis of a darker blue  
 Than of that dreary time gone by,  
 And far more hopeful now am I

---

## XIV.

Returning to the old Chief's lodge,  
I'll now state of the artful dodge  
That, of its planning, served me well  
To make escape, yet not to tell  
Of my unfaithfulness to him,  
Or disapproval of his scheme  
To wed me to the handsome squaw,  
And thus make me his son-in-law;  
And therewith give me of renown  
The glory of a chieftain's crown.

## XV.

Of this arrangement did I feign  
Of all its honors to be vain;  
And then, of prowess fair to show,  
Claimed I the right, alone to go  
Unto a distant warring tribe,  
Whereof to me did they describe,  
And bring as trophy to the bride,  
From Chieftain's head the hair and hide.

## XVI.

"That's good enough," the Chief rejoined;  
And of the favor thus purloined,  
My journey soon had I begun—  
With face toward the setting sun.  
They told me that ten sleeps away  
I'd find the chieftain whom to slay.

## XVII.

Though, many sleeps have I since had

And often times my poor heart sad,  
 And stricken low my soul with grief,  
 For Lolacondi and the Chief.

## XVIII.

Yet onward came I, day by day,  
 As course of empire takes its way—  
 Across the "Rockies," then the plain,  
 Till reached a mountain range, again,  
 Where meet Sierra and Cascade;  
 And, as of difference to evade,  
 Theré meets in conclave with the two  
 Our grand old mountain, Siskiyou.\*  
 Where, of the region, lakes abound.  
 And fish and game of plenty found;  
 And of the place decided I  
 There to remain—to live and die.

## XIX.

Nor of my cherished talisman  
 Did I much heed or take in hand,  
 For since possession I had gained  
 Its color changeless had remained;  
 Though friendly were the tribes around,  
 And with them favor I had found.

—o—

## XX.

Suffice it now to disengage

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\* See Note Six, Appendix.

From passing scenes, unto old age:

\* \* \* \* \*

Of childishness, perhaps, inclined,  
The little stone then came in mind,  
And finding it, perceived its blue;  
And then athwart my mem'ry flew  
The vision that me once impressed,  
And still of counsel seemed: "Go west."

### XXI.

Then on the mountain's rugged trend  
I groped my way unto the end  
Wheresaw I then, as now behold,  
The waves upon the beach unfold  
Against the rocky western shore—  
Saw them splash and heard them roar.

### XXII.

And then, of feebleness, I paused—  
Old Time had claimed, of rightful cause,  
The prize awaiting of his trust:  
Then "earth to earth, and dust to dust"  
Became the question of the hour—  
Or else my body wolves devour.

### XXIII.

And then decided I the plan—  
As did behold my talisman,  
That of true color did not lack,  
And of such blue 'twas almost black—



Which gave me courage to proceed  
With this my final earthly need.

## XXIV.

My plan was to arrange a pile--  
And, of convenience, did I smile  
To find great logs of fir all heaped  
And of their resin fully steeped;  
And this should be my funeral pyre,  
Wherein would kindle I the fire  
At end remote from where I'd lie  
When safe became my time to die.

## XXV.

The time arrived, and, of the while,  
Alighted I the funeral pile.  
When, of the thirst that fever gave,  
Of spring, near by, sought I to lave.

## XXVI.

And shambling to its flowing brim,  
With aching head and feeble limb,  
There of my thirst did I then slake,  
And from its bounty cupful take;  
And feeling stronger, when returned,  
Was glad the fire but feebly burned.

## XXVII.

Then from my cup again I quaffed,  
And, of a rashness, almost laughed  
When reasoned I: "Of real truth,

Requited are from early youth  
 The pain, the anguish and the sigh,  
 Now thus, of ecstasy, to die."

## XXVIII.

Then from the cup quaffed I again,  
 Though naught of fever or of pain  
 Disturbed the quiet of my soul.  
 "Old toper," said I: "Fill your bowl—  
 Drink, ye, to your heart's content!"  
 Then to the spring again I went,  
 With steady gait and form erect,  
 When from its depth did there reflect  
 A gleam as of the bright topaz,  
 Or sapphire of its lustre has,  
 And from it sparks of azure hue  
 Emitted were and flashing through  
 The limpid tide in miniature  
 That of my vision did allure;  
 And clasping it, the more to scan,  
 I found it was my talisman,  
 Which from my custody had slipped  
 And in the crystal fountain dipped.

## XXIX.

With feeling, then, so much improved,  
 Was I of purpose aptly moved  
 The gruesome task yet to forego  
 As sexton—and as subject, too.

## XXX.

And then, of bivouac to prepare,  
 Of lightness seemed its every care;  
 And 'neath the mantle of the night,  
 With scenes the rarest of delight  
 That e'er in fancy's roundelay  
 In noontide dream of summer's day  
 Inspired the finite mind with praise  
 To Nature's God, for all his ways,  
 Did dreams, elysian, throng my mind  
 With myriad raptures, all combined.

## XXXI.

Then came the morn, with birds to sing,  
 And, from their dormer branches, spring  
 To catch the hapless little worm  
 That, "late from lodge," might homeward  
       squirm—  
 And thus, for morsel delicate,  
 Rob home of parent, and a mate.  
 Yet from such gormand throats proceed  
 The songs that fairies deign to heed,  
 And so atone, with melody,  
 The evil--that of needs must be.

## XXXII.

And when aroused, and on my feet,  
 Me old-time Nature seemed to greet  
 With radiant smile, as of my youth,  
 And cheering promise that, forsooth,

To castle-builder in the air  
Would give the plummet, line and square.

## XXXIII.

As youth inclines to sportiveness,  
'Twas then my feeling to possess,  
And, lest decorum should forget  
And strive to turn a summerset,  
My Bible opened I, to read.  
Surprise! no glasses were of need.

## XXXIV.

Then to the spring went I, again,  
With bounding step and cheerful mien,  
And, with ablutions and a sip,  
Returned with hop and bound and skip,  
Far unbecoming of my age;  
And of my mind did thoughts engage  
Of happy days yet far remote,  
And o'er the fancy did I gloat  
With boyish trust and confidence,  
Until aroused to graver sense.

## XXXV.

Succeeding days had change came o'er  
Me as it had brief time before.  
When chanced I in the spring to look:  
And, as Narcissus, in the brook,  
Was I portrayed with kind accent,  
And on my features not a rent

Of Time's disturbing hand was there;  
 And raven were my locks of hair  
 As when in youthful age and prime.  
 For once defied, then, was old Time,  
 And in the swath his sickle bent,  
 And all his rancor vainly spent.

## XXXVI.

But trying days then came, in turn,  
 And, of a scorching fever's burn,  
 Was I with fiercest torment scourged;  
 And of the pains within me merged,  
 Did seem to be, of greatest cause,  
 The soreness of my toothless jaws;  
 And of the virtues of the spring  
 As panacea for everything,  
 When of its service would engage,  
 Seemed only greater to enrage;  
 And, as of fretful teething child,  
 Was I, of torture, almost wild;  
 Till, strange to tell, though of a truth —  
 Discovery made—I had a tooth.  
 And filing, then, in quick relief,  
 Full set had gained in time quite brief.

## XXXVII.

No fortune further to possess,  
 So came the need of needfulness:  
 And, of the passing hours to while,  
 Devices of the juvenile  
 Did I adopt, and with delight,

I sported with the top and kite,  
 As improvised with nimble hand  
 From best resources of command.

## XXXVIII.

I'd laugh and skip and run and jump,  
 And play at "blindman" with a stump;  
 And other sports attempt to do  
 Wherein the game requires two.

## XXXIX.

Then of a sudden happy thought,  
 That of my healing, overwrought—  
 With all its present seeming good—  
 I'd soon become "babe in the wood,"  
 I thus decided that 'twas time  
 For me to seek another clime  
 And from the tempting spring refrain  
 To take of pleasing draught again.

## XL.

Yet down the rill, of source the same,  
 Descended I, in quest of game,  
 When—scene of wonder to behold!—  
 I found its bed was strewn with gold;  
 And of the bounty thus supplied,  
 I sought of plenty to provide.

## XLI.

With speed then measured by my load,  
 My course, still westward, on I strode,

The mighty ocean's strand to reach;  
 Then southward turned along its beach—  
 With naught of interest on my way,  
 Till reached the San Francisco bay,  
 When fortune rare, then to avail,  
 Found vessel ready there to sail,  
 With products of the land well stored,  
 And destined for Atlantic board.

## XLII

Then of three dreary months, or more,  
 When nearing of Atlantic shore—  
 And marvel I yet while I speak—  
 We sailed into the Chesapeake:  
 And to that land had I returned  
 That of my former self had spurned.

## XLIII.

Though of my purpose, then in way,  
 Of greatest kindness to display  
 And, fortune then within command,  
 Give needy ones, with liberal hand,  
 It proper seemed that, ere to roam,  
 Ought charity begin at home.

## XLIV.

But, oh! the thoughts within revived  
 Yet of my wand'rings not outlived.  
 The hand of art had wonders wrought,  
 And three score years of change had brought

New actors on the stage of life —  
And naught remained of former strife.

## XLV.

Of ruin was my birthplace marked,  
Nor from its silence was there harked  
Of voice from out its long decay  
Save screeching of the startled jay  
Within the bushes, rank and tall,  
With rootlets clinging to the wall,  
And, as from 'neath some mold'ring log,  
The croaking of sequestered frog.

## XLVI.

Thence to the spring my course did stray;  
When, of the sultry summer's day  
And mem'ries of the past so dear,  
Twice grateful was I of its cheer.  
Of all the scene it was least changed  
From what it was of yore arranged.

## XLVII.

Then stooped I, of the spring to drink,  
And then upon the sward to sink,  
Where, casting not too far around,  
Returning childhood seemed profound.

## XLVIII.

And, of the spell, did I give way  
To slumber, as of childhood's day;



When saw I, in the cottage low,  
 My mother, rocking to and fro  
 Within her rustic easy chair,  
 As toyed she with my flaxen hair:  
 And father, too, of smile to win,  
 Would coddle me beneath the chin.

## XLIX.

With brothers, sisters, and playmates,  
 Then hied we forth, to ride the gates,  
 And do of things, quite innocent,  
 That bad would be, save the intent,

## L.

Distinctly then I heard: "Oh, Paul!"  
 And, answering to my mother's call,  
 I woke to consciousness again—  
 And sighed the fate of Paul DePayne.

## LI.

Then of the schoolhouse, by the lane,  
 Sought I, but of seeking vain;  
 For naught of schoolhouse could be found,  
 Nor even LANE, upon the ground;  
 And of the grove, that once was there,  
 Of, even, stumps the place was bare;  
 Though scenes whereof I met that day  
 More sacred were that Lena Ray  
 Had, of her vision, known as well,  
 And often times to me would tell

Of those her pure heart loved the best—  
And such I thought were truly blest.

## LII.

My fame soon spread throughout the land—  
Both of my wealth and liberal hand—  
And of preferment was I, there,  
With everyone, and with the fair  
Was I at once a favored beau;  
And, of my gallantry to show,  
Was courteous, perhaps, to a fault;  
And often times, of sad revolt  
Was I, the stricken heart to see  
That of requitement ne'er could be;  
And, though regretful of the pain,  
The pride of conquest made me vain.

## LIII.

Yet, oft, when vict'ry seems to crown,  
Is fickle smile changed to a frown:  
The moth that flutters near the torch  
Of pinion rarely fails to scorch.

## LIV.

As in due season bird seeks mate,  
So of myself, regenerate,  
Was I then within the toil  
That gladdens life or makes despoil.

## LV.

Through it once my course had led,  
And of its promptings had I wed;

And though its joys so soon were stilled,  
 The mission of a life fulfilled.  
 Though seemed it, then, the rule of fate  
 Of former things to duplicate;  
 And, of occasion opportune,  
 I met with Adaline McCune—  
 Than whom, of all the belles around,  
 None were of beauty so renowned—  
 Who with grace of form combined  
 A pure and highly cultured mind.

## LVI.

Our meetings, though at first by chance,  
 Were not devoid of artful glance  
 Whereof the soul can mutely state  
 To other soul its love or hate.

## LVII.

And, then, of meetings pre-arranged,  
 Were we from others more estranged,  
 Till of the presence scarce aware  
 Of more than two upon this sphere.

## LVIII

Though rivaled was I, even then:  
 For who can tell of where, or when,  
 Since Adam courted mother Eve,  
 That such rare fortune did relieve,  
 And suitor of the fair assure,  
 Without a rival—one or more?

## LIX.

Of purpose, now, I've none to state  
 More of this subject, delicate,  
 Than briefly to outline the way  
 Whereof deluded fancies stray  
 Into the realms of fond pursuit  
 To seek, perhaps, forbidden fruit.

## LX.

Call it a conquest, if you will:  
 Of faithfulness then to fulfill  
 I sought the hand of Adaline,  
 And trustingly 'twas placed in mine;  
 When with forebodings gravely mixed  
 The signet ring I then affixed.

## LXI.

Who that hath gained ambition's goal  
 E'er found the solace that, in whole,  
 Relieved the heart from further strain  
 Of anxiousness yet to attain  
 Some greater joy of its embrace?  
 Nay, even triumph brings menace.

## LXII.

Then was I of a faltering mind;  
 Nor of consoling did I find  
 The time approaching near at hand  
 To take the Benedictine stand.

## LXIII.

And in her presence once so dear,  
I stood abashed as of the fear  
Whereof the conscience, thus abused,  
Confession makes when unaccused.  
The truth had drawn upon my mind:  
To her, and self, was I unkind—  
In that the love to her I bore  
Was less by far than that before.

## LXIV.

So came the struggle of my life,  
Compared with which all former strife—  
Whereof to vanquish was I strong—  
I reckoned not, as with that wrong  
Of my own making; and that, too,  
A wrong I could not then undo.

## LXV.

Oft strayed I in the silent wood  
To seek within its solitude  
Consolment of my wretched state;  
But Oh! the time then seemed too late:  
No device of the mind could plan  
To make me less the wretched man  
That of my rashness was I made;  
Nor less its scourgings to evade.

## LXVI.

Resolved, at length, the spell to break—  
 Whatever course events might take—  
 I did of all my heart's design  
 Confession make to Adaline.

## LXVII.

I told her of my purpose changed  
 And of affections disarranged;  
 And thought it better far that we  
 Be friends again, in "fancy free."

## LXVIII.

Surprise to me!—her unsurprise.  
 Betokened of her calm, blue eyes,  
 And of demeanor so unchanged,  
 I saw at once her love estranged;  
 And thus she meekly answered me:  
 "How well our thoughts always agree.  
 I've thought as you have, Sir De Payne,  
 Though, of my feeling, did restrain  
 The truth as you have promptly told.  
 Oh, manly heart, how true, how bold!  
 Saved am I now from all regret,  
 That of life's fortunes we had met;  
 Excepting that for—well, you know."  
 And well did I—my rival beau.

## LXIX.

Then happy was I of success,  
 Though chagrined that of worthiness  
 The minor share she gave to me.

How sensitive is vanity !

LXX.

Rebuked thus of my selfishness,  
I thought upon the world's distress,  
Whereof to me did fortune give  
Much of its sorrows to relieve;  
When in the hut, the lane, the street,  
Its haggard face I strove to meet;  
And fain my heart would, of the task,  
Within the boundless duty bask.

LXXI.

Upon the street the half-clad child  
I met, and parting, then it smiled.  
And when I met, within the lane,  
The beggar man who with his cane,  
Could scarcely trudge his lonely way,  
Happier was he of the day  
Whereof our meeting to attain;  
And happy too was Paul DePayne.

LXXII.

And in the hovel, at the door,  
The lonely widow, aged and poor,  
With gratitude my offering took;  
When, of a wondering gaze to look,  
She startled seemed, and then she said:  
"Oh, image of the long past dead!—  
Forgive me, Sir, yet do I hold  
Your presence dearer than your gold.

Oh, tell me: Have I gone insane?  
 Are you the ghost of Paul DePayne—  
 My husband of so long ago,  
 Whose features yet so well I know?

## LXXIII.

“Oh, Lena!” then I feebly gasped—  
 As of her bending form I clasped—  
 “Oh! Lena, dear, how can this be?”  
 But answer came not then to me.

## LXXIV

Then followed weeks of patient care,  
 From doctors summoned, far and near,  
 And nurses—best within command—  
 While life and death strove, hand to hand:  
 Until, at length, the fevered brain  
 Once more of health and strength did gain:  
 And of her form, ematiate,  
 ’Twas much improved from former state.

## LXXV.

And, of her story, then I learned  
 Why, with the house, had she not burned  
 When in the flames so rudely cast,  
 As fuel added to the blast.

## LXXVI.

One of the “braves”—indeed a brave—  
 Determined of our lives to save;



And, counsel failing to dissuade  
 The party from the fearful raid,  
 He cunningly devised to meet  
 And of their purpose cause defeat.

## LXXVII.

And he it was who fettered me  
 And bound me, slackly, to the tree  
 With thong that, of my strength, would  
                   break—

Whereof, my freedom then to take,  
 And then, with seeming ruthless hand,  
 Did to my feet apply the brand,  
 That of mute language improvised,  
 With burning words, to make apprised  
 The object of his artful ruse,  
 Might deftly of my pinions loose.

## LXXVIII.

And, in pursuit, all joined the chase,  
 Save he, who tarried to embrace  
 His purpose, then so opportune,  
 That executed was so soon  
 That scarcely failed he in the race  
 At once to gain the foremost place.

## LXXIX.

Nor was he of the ten who paid  
 The measure of the crime portrayed,  
 But singled from the rest was he,

And from the deadly aim was free—  
 Whereof his guilty comrades fell—  
 And he the story left to tell.  
 No trace of me then to obtain,  
 So mourned as dead was Paul DePayne.

## LXXX.

My wand' rings then to Lena told—  
 And of the spring and mine of gold—  
 Her smile assumed most rare delight,  
 As thus she said: "Oh, what a plight!  
 You're young and handsome still, but I  
 Am old enough that soon must die;  
 Though crowded in the present are  
 The pleasures of a life to share,  
 And restful in the grave I'll sleep  
 That of its care your vigils keep,"

## LXXXII.

"Dear Lena," then I gravely said:  
 "Think not to consort with the dead  
 Until we've tried a hopeful plan:"  
 Then told her of the talisman  
 And of its charms whereof should try  
 To make her even young as I.  
 Propitious, still, the little gem—  
 And sparkling as a diadem!

## LXXXIII.

Proposal was, from me, command  
 To Lena, who, to understand,  
 In brief, the statement of my will,  
 Made it her pleasure to fulfill.

## LXXXIV.

And, then, despite extreme old age,  
 Of task she did at once engage  
 To journey with me to the West;  
 And of the manner suited best,  
 I deemed 'twould be as first I went—  
 Direct across the continent—  
 And of equipment did provide  
 Convenient means whereof to ride;  
 Nor had we troubles on our way,  
 As journeyed on from day to day.

## LXXXV.

Of incidents, I'll not intrude  
 Upon your time, save to allude  
 To one, as sequel now, in brief,  
 Of Lolacondi and the Chief.

## LXXXVI.

We found their village, and I saw  
 And recognized the aged squaw:  
 'Twas Lolacondi, then most blind,  
 Who of my presence, though, divined;  
 And then of poise with cane to help,  
 She curtly said: "But, where's the scalp?"

## LXXXVII.

The old Chief, though, had, long since, died,  
 And Lolacondi, ne'er a bride,  
 Was waiting still for my return—  
 Yet, of my faithlessness to learn.  
 Persuaded, though, she with us went  
 Our journey to the Occident.

## LXXXVIII.

— o —

Again arriving at the spring,  
 I found unchanged most everything,  
 And straightway, of its magic weal,  
 My patients there I sought to heal;  
 And counsel gave, lest of excess,  
 They'd drink to childish helplessness.

## LXXXIX.

Then, with arrangements made for camp,  
 My leave I took whereof to tramp  
 In sportive way the region round,  
 For game, the rarest to be found—  
 Nor promise made when would return,  
 Save till my presence they discern.

## XC.

And when of days thus gayly spent,  
 To camp again my course I bent,  
 And, of approach to near the spring,

I saw a child there, in a swing,  
And swinging whom was Lena Ray,  
As saw her on our wedding day.

## XCI.

As Eden, of Creation morn,  
With Eve its radiance to adorn,  
So, of its glory to renew,  
Was Eden then of Siskiyou.  
'Twas Paradise indeed regained,  
Nor greater joy could be attained.

## XCII.

All nature did our purpose suit,  
Nor knew we of forbidden fruit;  
Nor yet came, as did with Eve,  
The wily serpent to deceive  
With age, the world had better grown,  
And, of its sorrows, had we known  
The bitterness that savors life—  
Insipid, wholelely, without strife.

## XCIII.

"But, Lena," said I, "whence the child?  
And where the woman?" Then she smiled  
And answering, said: "The twain are one.  
And, oh!—we had the rarest fun  
At romping, and at everything,  
Till Lola tumbled in the spring.  
I call her "Lola," now, that she

Is changed so much from used-to-be  
 That of her former self remain  
 But few the tokens now to gain;  
 And, as adopted child, I thought  
 To christen her anew we ought.

## XCIV.

But now, dear Paul, I'm not amazed  
 That of her beauty you so praised:  
 When in transition from old age,  
 Did charms adorn that primal stage,  
 The first of blooming womanhood,  
 And seeing, then I understood  
 Why you were baffled, as expressed;  
 Though, of decision, am confessed—  
 And, of preferment, am I glad—  
 That doubtful promptings then you had.

## XCV.

—o—

Were Heaven on earth 'twould not suffice  
 To satisfy our craving eyes,  
 Nor of the longings would abate  
 Of finite mind, insatiate.  
 The more we gain of world's estate  
 The less its import do we rate.

## XCVI.

The Eden of the wilderness  
 No longer did the charm possess

That of our restless souls could bind,  
 Or hope avert of joys to find  
 In other lands, and far away,  
 That of our cravings might allay.  
 Then blithly on our way we went,  
 Again toward the Orient.

## XCVII.

With treasure, and with health and prime,  
 We journeyed on, yet of the time,  
 Or scenes we met upon the way  
 I'll not attempt now to portray,  
 Until within the borders of  
 The land of whence our primal love;  
 Wherein we met and recognized  
 Friends of the past, who, thus surprised,  
 Did scarcely of good faith express  
 Their credence of our truthfulness.

## XCVIII.

It was a time when war again  
 Raged fearfully on land and main—  
 The second war twixt old England  
 And heroes of our patriot band.

## XCIX.

Of patriotism, and for fame,  
 I sought to gain heroic name;  
 And of the chances to appear,  
 Upon the seas, as privateer,  
 Did then of purpose seem the best

For country and ambitious zest;  
 And, self-commissioned, Commodore,  
 I made equipments from my store  
 Of bounteous wealth, then of command,  
 And vessel well and ably manned.

## C.

And when prepared were we to sail,  
 Vain were persuasions to prevail  
 With Lena to remain behind,  
 Said she: "Our fortunes are combined,  
 And braver far my heart will be  
 To share with you, upon the sea,  
 The greatest danger there in store  
 Than of your absence to deplore."

## CI.

Then thought I of the magic stone,  
 And, of its gracious power to own,  
 I cast all fear at once aside  
 Whereof for Lena to provide,  
 Within the craft belligerent,  
 Arrangements aptly of intent,

## CII.

And then, before the driving breeze,  
 We soon were on the great high seas,  
 Where drum and fife, with martial strain  
 Resounding on the placid main—  
 And not a foe within our sight—  
 'Twas pleasure thus on sea to fight;



And, with all peace and joy and health,  
 We were a floating commonwealth  
 That, of a thriving era had,  
 Was of its being truly glad.

## CIII.

From day to day we onward sailed,  
 And south winds on our ship prevailed  
 To drive us to the leaward far,  
 With course toward the polar star;  
 When in the dreary nights that came,  
 The flicker of boreal flame,  
 As substitute for light of day,  
 Did poorly of the sun's delay  
 Give recompense, nor did preclude  
 The gelidness of latitude.

## CIV.

And, on the frosty atmosphere,  
 Rang forth a warning, loud and clear:  
 "Boat, ahoy!"—from matin guard—  
 And fronting, on our ship's starboard,  
 Was flashed upon the lurid sea  
 The blazing of artillery.

## CV.

And from that time dates there a blank:  
 'Twas said that from a drifting plank  
 Had I been rescued far at sea,  
 And lifeless seemed, at first, to be.

## CVI.

More of events I never learned,  
 Save 'twas of vessel long returned  
 From out the war upon the main,  
 That did my helpless form regain.

## CVII.

For years a prisoner, close confined,  
 Was I—of distracted mind—  
 From whence and when, till now, in vain  
 I've sought to find that spring again,  
 Whereof the gladness to recall  
 That Eden had before the fall."



## SEQUEL.



## I.

WHEN ceased the hermit to relate,  
 Descriptive of his past estate,  
 To his friends again he showed  
 The little stone, that fairly glowed  
 Then with the lustre of its hue

And purple scintillations threw  
That pointed toward the western sea;  
Then said the hermit: "Follow me."

## II.

And straightway to the spring he led,  
And to his comrades promptly said:  
"Someone indeed has here trespassed,  
For since, of yore, my visit last,  
That cabin on the hill was made."  
"LOST CABIN FOUND!"—though much de-  
cayed.

## III.

Then drank he till no longer old,  
And two mules laden with the gold—  
One fastened to the other's tail—  
He drove them tandem on the trail.

## IV.

Though of the party, who yet stayed,  
They frolicked in the pleasant glade  
And quaffed elixir from the spring,  
And laughed and joked 'bout everything;  
And, next—the saddest of regrets—  
A fondness showed for cigarettes.

## V.

Contriving, then, of ball and bat,  
They played the game, "three-cornered-cat,"

And climbed the trees, the spring around,  
Robbing birdsnests therein found—  
Till tired, at length, there, of the play,  
With sticks, for horses, rode away.



## APPENDIX.

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NOTE 1. Referring to that most prolific incentive of wildly speculative mining excitements, "The Lost Cabin," the Del Norte Record,\* dated Jan. 18th, 1883, says:

"Since the year 1852, various articles have appeared in print, not only in this State, but have found their way into the journals of the East, as well, concerning the far-famed stories of the "Lost Cabin." This much sought-for cabin has been located, according to the different tales concerning it, all the way from the Gulf Stream to the wilds of Montana and Colorado, and the first searching party started from various points along the coast.

\* \* \* \* \*

All those who were in Crescent City at an early date will recollect distinctly the excitement created by the report in circulation regarding this "Lost Cabin" and the time and money expended in searching for it. As the first person who went in search of it happened to be well known to us, having lived in our family for

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\* The DEL NORTE RECORD is a weekly newspaper published at Crescent City, California, by J. E. Eldredge, Esq., of whose favor the above facts and data are presented.

some time, and whose wife is now a member of the family, and as we consider that we are probably better posted in the matter than anyone now living, except it may be one person, who a number of years since was living in a lower county, we propose, briefly, to give our readers a statement of the facts as they actually occurred. In the year 1849, Col. Samuel C. Hall crossed the plains from Missouri to California, and drifting about with the tide of migration to different parts of the country in search of the precious metal, in the summer of 1852, found himself at Trinidad. While there, a party of three men came down from the mountains, one of whom, Vernile Thompson, was an old acquaintance of his from Missouri. After the usual greetings, questions were asked and answered in quick succession, and finally Thompson produced a large quantity of gold dust and confided to him the secret of where it had been found; saying at the same time that there was plenty left at the place where they had been mining. They had built a cabin which they left, and also their tools. They had three pack-mules pretty well loaded with dust, and with the usual reckless prodigality of miners in those days, thinking they had sufficient to last them for the remainder of their lives, never expected to return. They had left papers in the cabin with full instructions where the mines were located, should they ever wish to direct others to the place. Colonel Hall became greatly interested and having entire faith in their representations, obtained from them a diagram of the country which was reputed to be so rich, together with written directions how and where to find the cabin they had left but a short time before. They stated that the place was in hearing of the ocean's roar, but, as at that time but little exploring had been done on the northern coast, they could not give him the exact locality. The three men then left for the East. He immediately organized a small company and started in search of the rich diggings. They followed the directions as best they could, taking a northerly course and keeping within hearing of the ocean. They spent the summer in fruitless search, and

by winter, the story having gradually leaked out, other parties started in pursuit of what had become known as the "Lost Cabin," meeting, however, with no better success. In the spring search was resumed, and the story having by this time been circulated that enormous wealth awaited the finder of the Lost Cabin, parties were formed and started out from different parts of the country, having but very little idea whether it was in California, Oregon or Washington Territory. Col. Hall, becoming discouraged, returned to his native State in 1854. In 1855 he again came to this country, with his family, and settled in Crescent City, where he remained for some years. He finally removed to Lakeport, and there met Thompson who had again come to California and settled in that place, and after a private interview with him, the Colonel could never again be induced to talk upon the subject of the Lost Cabin. It is supposed to be located somewhere near this place, and year after year it has been sought for, but no trace of the cabin ever having been discovered, many have supposed that the men who appeared at Trinidad with such large quantities of dust, had become possessed of their gold in other ways than by honest labor. However this may be, the above are the facts as they actually occurred concerning the Lost Cabin excitement in early times, a revival of which, has from time to time caused much excitement along the coast, and a great amount of hunting by those in search of immediate wealth."

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From a long-ago intimate acquaintance of the author of this little volume with D. V. Thompson, (or Vernile Thompson, as above designated) it seems but just to offer a few words for the disengagement of sentiment questionable of the manner in which he and his associates became possessed of their treasure. Mr. Thompson was for many years, and, probably still is, a highly respected citizen of Lake county, California,

where he has been honored with various offices of worth and confidence, and where his name was ever synonymous with that of strict integrity.

Assuming that the Lost Cabin story is not entirely a myth, it is doubtful if any other region could establish a more authoritative claim for its location than is presented in the foregoing account, for the westerly slope of the Siskiyou range, included principally in Del Norte county

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NOTE 2. Relative to the prolonged and unaccounted-for absence of a miner from his cabin on French Hill, (subsequently found dead) the Crescent City News, dated Jan. 25th, '95 says:

"It is said that of the eighteen disappearances around the French Hill country only one of the bodies has been found."

The preceding quotation would answer as a text upon which to found many speculations with respect to the mysterious disappearances from the region indicated. Such occurrences have become so common, in fact, as to elicit, locally, only the stereotyped allusion: "Another French Hill victim." Many strange stories have obtained with reference to the misfortunes that have, or, peradventure, might have, befallen those who were thus seemingly spirited away, and yet no definite solution of the great problem has been reached. They simply become merged in obscurity, but whether of violence, of accident, or of self-volition, is a matter solely of conjecture; however, a sombre cloud of reproach has settled upon the shaggy brow of old French Hill, and, alas! the vaults of her native treasury



are less inviting to the miner and prospector than if the spectre of the mysterious foe stalked not her lonely caverns.

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NOTE 3. The subject designated as the "Squire, at reference, page 35, is one of the distinguishing featured of Crescent City, without whom the place would greatly decline in its individuality and become simply commonplace among the towns along the Pacific sea-board. The Squire is the essential oracle and weather-prophet of the town, and no one has yet attempted to vanquish him in the relation of extraordinary fish stories.

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NOTE 4. A Del Nort Record correspondent, writing from Happy Camp, Siskiyou county, Jan. 2 , 1886, discourses as follows:

"I do not remember to have seen any reference to the 'Wild Man' which haunts this part of the country, so I shall allude to him briefly. Not a great while since, Mr. Jack Dover, one of our most trustworty citizens, while hunting saw an object standing one hundred and fifty yards from him picking berries or tender shoots from the bushes. The thing was of gigantic size—about seven feet high—with a bull-dog head, short ears and long hair; it was also furnished with a beard, and was free from hair on such parts of its body as is common among men. Its voice was shrill, or soprano, and very human, like that of a woman in great fear. Mr. Dover could not see its foot-prints as it walked on hard soil. He aimed his gun at the animal, or whatever it is, several times, but because it was so human would not shoot. The range of the curiosity is between Marble mountain and the vicinity of Happy Camp. A number of people have seen it and all agree in their descriptions except that some make it taller than others. It is ap-

parently herbivorous and makes winter quarters in some of the caves of Marble mountain."

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NOTE 5. One of the many attractive features of the northern California coast is the renowned Pebble Beach, in Del Norte county, near Crescent City. It has been a place of constant resort since the earliest settlement of the place, and it is known, even, that the aborigines had esteemed of value some of the gems there found long before their pale-faced brother came with his trinkets and shekels to barter for the rare and attractive jewels from the rude casket of the guileless red man. But, still, the ebb and flow of the tides continue to leave new and varied attractions upon the beach, and the fascination for the pebble-seeker yet remains. The pebbles found are principally agate and mocha-stone, of divers colors and varying degrees of brilliancy; though it is claimed that emeralds and other high grade jewels have been discovered there. It is not extremely rare to find a pebble of mutable color—the alterations being, as supposed, influenced by the variations of temperature and other meteorological phenomena.

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NOTE 6. The region of country briefly noted at reference, page 45, as the abiding place of the Hermit from early manhood till old and decrepit, has since become historic as the scene of the Madoc War and location of the lava beds, where Captain Jack, in his well-chosen natural fortification, for months defied the attack of our government forces. The region is an exceedingly

high plateau, interspersed with lakes, hills and dales. The lakes are pure and limpid and abound with fish and fowl, and the hills and valleys are clad with the perennial bunch-grass, where, of the past, sported immense herds of wild animals. In its prestine splendor, it was indeed the Indian's paradise, and fairly typical of the happiest hunting ground that the exuberant fancy of the red man ever conceived. There, in immediate vicinity, presumably, upon the morning of Creation, met the three imposing mountain ranges: the Sierra Nevada, the Cascade and the Siskiyou—the latter of which, rectangular in extent, as compared with the two former, constitutes, in a manner, the natural, as well as the political, division of the States of California and Oregon, and approximate of whose easterly summit the Klamath river takes its source, from the lakes of that elevated region, suddenly precipitating its flow, in a raging cataract, to a level with the mountain range and thence girding it, latterally, to the sea.











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